The Beckford Curriculum - A Guide for Parents in Nursery – Summer 2021

Over the past year, we have been working on developing and improving our 'Beckford Curriculum'. This document shows you what children in Nursery will be learning in the Summer term. If you have any questions about the curriculum, please contact: <u>admin@beckford.camden.sch.uk</u>

Intent - The Beckford Curriculum is designed to:

- 1. Teach our pupils to learn well
- 2. Teach our pupils how to lead happy, healthy, constructive lives, in which they can aspire and experience success
- 3. Ensure broad and balanced knowledge of the world
- 4. Teach our pupils to live well in a diverse world, as confident, responsible citizens

	The Beckford	d Currculum - N	lursery 2021			
Our topic themes are carefully selected to	expose all children to a wide range o	of ideas, language,	Every unique child	will access the	se learning opportu	nities at their own level
learning opportunities and experiences. Th	is enables them to make connectior	ns in their learning	and make progres	s from their ow	n starting points. Ke	ey thinking and learning
as well as providing a springboard to ignite	e their imagination, curiosity and cre	ativity.	skills linking to the prime areas of learning are developed through all topics.			
In the Summer term we will be readin	g:					
MrsWichtWashi John Burningham	Bog Baby	Hooray for Fish!	Sharing a Shel		Nick Shenron Mrs Pirrote	Carlos transmost Carlos trans
Our School V	/alues	Aspiration	Responsibility	Resilience	Consideration	Community
Last year, we worked with children, sta develop our five core Beckford values, Resilience, Consideration and Commun each of our topics.	Aspiration, Responsibility,		*			
Entry Point	Explo	ore and Experio	ence		Exi	t Point
 Preparing the children for a smooth transition to Reception 	 Water, sea animals, going to the Aquariu 	m.			Childrer Receptie	n are ready for on

PERSONAL, SOCIAL, EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Exploring and expressing our feelings and the feelings of others through social stories and weekly chat time

Care and concern for living things

Transition into new class / school

LITERACY

Talking about the life cycle of caterpillars

Making own story books

Sequencing events of a story.

Forming letters of their names

Building up vocabulary and asking questions

Making maps to find our way

Making shopping lists

MATHEMATICS

Developing an awareness of sequencing numbers

Recognising number to 10

Exploring shapes and patterns

Singing daily number and counting songs

Sorting and counting groups of objects (ex. shells and pebbles)

Counting forwards and backwards from a given number

Comparing sets of objects: which as more, which has less?

COMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE

Explore Body Percussion, alliteration, rhythm and rhyme

Becoming familiar with different songs and rhymes, and starting to come up with their own

Pirate role-plays and games

Talking about life cycles and learning vocabulary associated with it

Gain confidence in talking about their

Summer: Splash!





EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

Learning Pirate songs and pirate dances

Movement sessions

Continue to do yoga weekly

Continue to construct with purpose in mind using blocks and other building material

Independent role-playing various parts of our key texts

Creating their own Under the Sea models, pictures and collages

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT

Exploring balance

Gymnastics with Mr. Purcell

Continue to develop self-help skills

Continue to practise using different class equipment safely ex. Scissors

Carry on with Dough Gym

Support all children with any physical support they may need.

Act out physical changes in the life cucle

Nets and pincers to catch sea creatures

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD

Cooking from around the world.

Talking about the safe preparation of food.

Exploring the concept of floating and sinking

Investigating weight by asking the right questions

Using the internet to find out information

What makes you unique?

Special friends and times

PRIME AREA: Communication and Language			
Learning Intentions	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities	
EYFS Development Matters 30-50 and 40+ months	Opportunities		
Listening and Attention:	Continuing to create physical environments that support	Phonics Phase 1:	
Listens to others one to one or in a small group, when conversation	and develop communication skills.	Aspect 5: Alliteration	
interests them.	Madallian an manifing wards while writing (man)	Aspect 6: Voice Sounds	
Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in	Modelling segmenting words while writing/mark- making.	Aspect 7: Oral Blending and Segmenting	
rhymes and stories.	IIIdKIIIg.	Tongue Twisters	
Focusing attention – still listen or do, but can shift own attention.	Emphasizing initial sounds in names and words.		
Is able to follow directions (if not intently focused on own choice of		Singing songs and rhymes that have alliteration.	
activity).	Appropriate adult-child interaction.	Digging for treasure: Collecting objects of the same	
		sound.	
Maintains attention, concentrates and sits quietly during appropriate	Model good listening and extending vocabulary linked	Bertha the Bus rhyme and game.	
activity. •Two-channelled attention – can listen and do for short span.	to the stories.	I Spy!	
		Silly Soup	
<u>Understanding:</u>	Modelling and encouring using full sentences.		
Understands use of objects	Dala playing following more complay instructions linked	Activities that distinguish between the differences	
Understands use of objects. Shows understanding of prepositions such as 'under', 'on top', 'behind',	Role-playing following more complex instructions linked to classroom routines.	in vocal sounds (ex. Hiss like a snake, buzz like a bee)	
by carrying out an action or selecting correct picture.	to classiform fourmes.		
by carrying out an action of scieccing correct picture.	Encourage good listening and praise.	Toy Talk with one-syllable words.	
Responds to simple instructions.			
Beginning to understand 'why' and 'how' questions.	Develop language skills through structured and	I Spy containing 2 or more phonemes (Ex. z-i-p)	
	unstructured discussions linked to books and topics.		
Speaking:		Continue to develop good listening behaviour/key	
Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts using	Continue to sing, use telephones, puppets and props in	skills during carpet time and circle time 'eyes to	
'because', 'and' etc.	the Role-Play Area.	see, ears to hear' Puppet to support.	
Can retell a simple past event in correct order.	Using tone recorders	Talk Paget Crouns	
Uses talk to connect ideas, explain what is happening and anticipate what will happen next, recall and relive past experiences.	Using tape-recorders.	Talk Boost Groups	
Questions why things happen and gives explanations.	Using our visual Time-table to say what comes next.	Eklan activities with targeted children.	
Uses a range of tenses.	osing our visual nine table to say what comes next.		
Uses intonation, rhytm and phrasing to make the meaning clear to others.	Daily story-time.	NCLB and Recovery Curriculum	
Uses vocabulary focused on objects and people that are of particular			
importance to them.	Model and encourage talking about personal	Continue to embed the Golden Rule with stories	
Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experience.	experiences, having small group discussions and chats.	and props: We Listen	
Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play.			
Example: this box is my castle.			

Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations. Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention. Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events. Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play	Children with English as an additional language get opportunities to share their home language around their nursery. Encouraging repeated refrain. Encourage pupil voice to contribute to learning journey Portfolios. Books in the book corner to expose children to new language and interesting new topics. Visual approach: use the illustrations to encourage children to predict what the story will be about, who the main characters are. Talk about tone and style of writing (font) Talk through instructions, emphasizing time conjunctions. Use Pie Corbitt actions to support.	Learning new songs about caterpillars, water, the environment, caring for animals Story language; making up their own version of the story. Acting out stories using props. Play listening games. Following recipes in weekly baking sessions. Continue with a visual timetable to help the children understand the structure of the day. Word Aware for key vocabulary from key texts. Using storymaps and Pie Corbitt actions to sequence a narrative. Regular Circle Time and Talk Time Listening to stories with a repetitive refrain read by adults. Quality questioning in all areas adding actions. Planned questions at differentiated level. Using magnetic story props of characters from the story to encourage sharing of experience. Getting adults (parents/teachers) to come and read stories for the children (including different languages) Mystery Reader! Rich key texts to expose children to new language and interesting new topics.
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Learning Intentions	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities
EYFS Development Matters 30-50 and 40+ months	Opportunities	
Moving and Handling:	Fine Motor Skills	Continue to assess pencil-grip and scissor grip.
Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways such as	Dough gym.	
slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.	Finger gym to support hand- finger development. Pen grip focus!	Finger gym.
Mount stairs, steps or climbing equipment using alternate feet. Walk downstairs, two feet to each step while carrying a small object.	Large-scale drawing and assessment opportunity. Continue to develop the skill to use one-handed tools	Dough gym.
Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles.	ex. Scissiors, holding a pencil using a comfortable grip. Copying letters from their name.	Using equipment with confidence when playing hall games.
Can stand momentarily on one foot when shown.	Sand and Water Play	
Can catch a large ball. Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements.	Turning pages in a book in the book corner.	Continue PE with Mr. Purcell in small groups (gymnastics)
Uses one-handed tools and equipment ex. Child scissors.	Gross Motor Skills:	
Holds pencil between thumb and two finger, no longer using whole-hand grasp.	Continue using balance bikes and larger climbing equipment outside.	Practise movement skills, through games, beanbags, cones, balls and hoops.
Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it	Exploring climbing equipment during PE sessions,	
with good control.	moving confidently, in a range of ways.	Using hall equipment to set up obstacles related to
Can copy some letters.	Developing ball skills to play simple throwing and catching games and to develop control and work with	topic books.
Experiments with different ways of moving.	others.	Provide large portable equipment that children can
Jumps off an object and lands appropriately. Negotiates space	Using our bodies to respond to instructions.	move about safely and cooperatively to create
successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. Travels with	Explore a range of balancing and sliding equipment, balance bikes, balls and hoops.	their own structures.
confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.	Support children with physical difficulties and provide tools appropriate to their needs.	Link actions together to form a dance, using for example, ribbons.
Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing,		
catching or kicking it. Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials. Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control.	Self-care Continue to encourage independent toileting, eating and self-care.	Weekly cooking and baking sessions promoting healthy foods.
Shows a preference for a dominant hand.	Rules in the classroom/PE Hall to stay safe	Promote health awareness and the benefits of
Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines.	Following healthy hygenic routines when going to the	exercise on our bodies.
Begins to form recognisable letters.	toilet and having lunch. Promote health awareness.	Dromoto montal wallbaing through mindfulses
Uses a pencil and hold	Linking our topic Splash; keeping our teeth clean	Promote mental wellbeing through mindfulness.
Health and Safe Care:		Linking our topic Splash; keeping ourselves clean.
Can tell adults when hungry or tired or when they want to rest or play.		
Observes the effects of activity on their bodies.		
Understands that equipment and tools have to be used safely.		

Gains more bowel and bladder control and can attend to toileting needs most of the time themselves. Can usually manage washing and drying hands. Dresses with help. Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs and understands need for variety in food. Usually dry and clean during the day. Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health. Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new		
challenges, and considers and manages some risks. Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely. Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision.		
PRIME AREA: Pe	rsonal, Social and Emotional Developmen	t
Learning Intentions	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities
EYFS Development Matters 30-50 and 40+ months	Opportunities	
Making Relationships:Can play in a group extending and elaborating play ideas. For example:building up a role-play activity with other children.Initiates play offering cues to peers to join them.Keeps play going by responding to what others are saying or doing.Demonstrates friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and forming	Establishing daily routines and the Golden Rules through games and circle time. Circle Time about taking care of our mental wellbeing, resolving conficts, developing relaionships wih peers.	Welcoming children to a new term. Provide books/stories/puppets/persona dolls that can be used to model responding to others' feelings.
good relationships with peers and familiar adults. Initiates conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say.	Sharing achievements with the class.	Mindfulness activities: yoga, deep breathing etc.
•Explains own knowledge and understanding, and asks appropriate questions of others. •Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise.	Model good carpet behaviour 'good looking, good listening'	Continue to embed Class Rules and how to make the Nursery a happy and safe place.
Self-confidence and self-awareness:	Circle Time: developing the confidence to share their ideas, feelings in a group.	Continue to encourage listening during circle time using visuals and puppets to support.
Can select and use activities and resources with help. Welcomes and values praise for what they have done.	Learning to take turns in the CP.	Home Corner to reflect the children's learning and to encourage role-play.
Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small tasks. Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations. Confident to talk to other children when playing, and will communicate	Zones of Regulation: How are you feeling today? Photo cards with key vocabulary, feelings detective poster.	Provide photos and pictures of emotions for children to look at and talk about.
freely about own home and community. Shows confidence in asking adults for help.		Support children in being able to seek help from each other.

Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions. • Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities <u>Managing feelings and behaviour:</u> Aware of own feelings, and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others. Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met. Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine. Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting. Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy.	Creating a provision that is challenging yet achievable through the right differentiation. Time to pursue learning without interruption, and if not completed, the child can get back to it.	Transition into Reception
	Literacy	
Learning Intentions	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities
EYFS Development Matters 30-50 and 40+ months Reading:	Opportunities Reading own name in self-registration and on coat pegs.	Daily story time and discussion.
Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities. Shows awareness of rhyme and aliterations. Recognises rhythm in spoken words. Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in	Read class labels. Access to books and other printed material in the Book	Make labels for the Nursery to provide reading opportunity.
small groups. Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in	Corner.	Continue to encourage name writing.
rhymes and stories. Beginning to be aware of how stories are structured. Suggests how the story might end.	Reading buddies (toys or friends) to read to in the Book Corner.	Inviting parents to come and read in their own language.
Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. Describes main story setting, events and characters.	Taking books home everyday.	Continue to talk about authors and illustrators; distinction between words and pictures.
Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and the environment. Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos. Looks at books independently.	Daily story time and discussion. Joining in with stories and rhymes.	Daily rhymes. Learning to complete the rhyme of the story.

 Handles books carefully. Knows information can be relayed in the form of print. Holds books the right way and turns pages. Knows that print carries meaning and in English it is read from left to right and top to bottom. Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words. Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them. Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Begins to read words and simple sentences. Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. Enjoys an increasing range of books. Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers. Writing: Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places. Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint. Begins to break the flow of speech into words. Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words. Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together. Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. Writes own name and other things such as labels, captions. 	 Role-play area to recreate stories and retell them to their friends. Celebrating any mark-making throughout the Nursery. Display work children are proud of. Children to take ownership of this display. Having various media such as sand, foam, paint and crayons for mark-making. Writing name at every opportunity. Making signs for the classroom. Having clipboards, sticky notes, pens etc. in every area of the classroom. Leave story map up so children can use it. 3D props in Tuff Spot to support children retelling the story. Scribe and record what children say. Provide story sacks. Providing a range of writing opportunities: Write cards, lists, stories, invitations, recipes, labels, instructions etc. 	 Model thinking up own ideas, encouraging full sentences. Continue to encourage expression of ideas through effective and differentiated questioning. Making a story map on A2 paper and labelling it story map up so children can use it. Children making predictions about what will come next. 3D props in Tuff Spot to support children retelling the story. Scribe and record what children say. Phonics: Developing oral blending and segmenting of sounds in words. Pie Corbitt actions when retelling the story. Make books with children about activities they've been doing using photographs of them to illustrate.
 Begins to break the flow of speech into words. Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words. Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together. Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. 	story. Scribe and record what children say. Provide story sacks. Providing a range of writing opportunities: Write cards,	been doing using photographs of them to

Maths		
Learning Intentions EYFS Development Matters 30-	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities
50 and 40+ months	Opportunities	
Numbers:	Daily calendar and timetable.	Daily timetable to understand structure of the day.
Uses some number names and number language spontaneously.		
Uses some number names accurately in play.	Number songs with props.	Continue modelling how to use Maths resources.
Recites numbers in order to 10. Knows that numbers identify how many objects are in a set.	Model naming shapes during construction play using	Counting and sorting a variety of resources,
Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or	positional language.	encouraging independence through adult-led and
pictures.		child-initiated activities.
Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly.	Encourage and model counting sets of small world	
Shows curiosity about numbersby commenting or asking questions.	objects during play.	Reciting numbers to 10 (or to 20 for higher group).
Compares two groups of objects saying when they have the same		Focusing on one-to-one correspondence and on
number.	Practice counting to 5, forwards and backwards.	cardinality.
Shows an interest in number problems.		Neuropean and the same line is a loss to be
Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to notice that the total is still the same.	Counting the number of children in a group, pieces of fruit, teachers.	Number songs and rhymes linked to our key texts.
Shows an interest in numeralsi in the environment.	inuit, teachers.	Using mathematical language consistently.
Shows an interest in representing numbers.	Comparing sets of numbers using mathematical	osing matternation language consistently.
Realising that anything can be counted, including steps, claps and jumps.	language.	Number Detectives.
Recognise some numerals of personal significance.	Spot shapes in environment, everyday objects and in	Shape Hunts and shape songs.
Recognises numerals 1 to 5.	books.	
Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each		Take photos of the numbers we find for a
item.	Water and sand play and measuring materials using	'numbers in our nursery' class book for the
Counts actions or objects which cannot be moved. Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10.	mathematical language.	children to look through.
Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10.	Opportunities to weigh and halve ingredients during	Matching numerals and quantitites.
Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects.	baking sessions.	
Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects.		Recording and representing numbers.
Estimates how many objects they can see and checks by counting them.	Sorting objects according to their shape.	
Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects.		Provide collections of interesting things for
Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them.	Encourage estimation.	children to sort, order, count and label in their
Says the number that is one more than a given number.		play.
Finds one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects.		
In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary		
involved in adding and subtracting.		
Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain.		
Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests		
and fascinations.		

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 Shape, space and Measure: Shows an interest in shape and space by playing with shapes or making arrangements with objects. Shows awareness of similarities of shapes I nthe environment. Uses positional language. Shows interest in shape by sustained construction activity or by talking about shapes or arrangements. Shows interest in shapes in the environment. Uses shape appropriately for tasks. Beginning to talk about the shapes of everyday objects, ex. Round or tall. Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes. Selects a particular named shape. Can describe their relative position such as 'behind' or 'next to'. Orders two or three items by length or height. Orders two items by weight or capacity. 		
Uses familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns		
and build models. Uses everyday language related to time. Beginning to		
use everyday language related to money. Orders and sequences familiar events.		
Measures short periods of time in simple ways.		
	Understanding the World	
Learning Intentions	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities
EYFS Development Matters 30-50 and 40+ months	Opportunities	
People and communities:	Show interest in the life of those around us.	Keep encouraging children to get to know other
Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them. Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience.	Share information about own life ex. weekend feedback	adults in the school.
Recognises and describes special times or events for family and friends.	etc. and encourage them to do the same.	Cooking dishes from around the world!
Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life.		
Knows some of the things that make them unique, and can talk about	Use Role-play and small world to explore children's	Provide activities and opportunities for children to
some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends and family.	environment. Allow for toys that mimic real life ex. microwave and cooker.	share experiences and knowledge from different parts of their lives to learn about each other (Chat
Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines.		Time)
	Introduce small world, learning how to use and share	
The World:	the imaginative play resources and provision	Refering to maps, globes and technology to find
Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world.	appropriately.	out about other parts of the world.
	Explore a range of textures ex. sand, dough.	

Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects. Talks about how things happen and how things work. Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Shows care and concern for living things and the environment. Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. <u>Technology:</u> Knows how to operate simple equipment. Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleeys, or real objects such as cameral and mobil phones.	Discuss changes in patterns, for example changes in weather. Record when possible using iPads. Daily calendar and weather chart. Junk for making things in their environment in Art Corner. Range of battery-operated/non-electronic toys. Show care for living things in our environment.	Continue to talk about change in the world; seasons, hibernation, spring display. Singing hands. Use puppets, stories and books to encourage positive attitudes and to challenge stereotypes. Comparing habitats. Provide a range of materials and objects to play with that work in different ways.
Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images. Knows that information can be retrieved by computers.	Quality questioning about why things happen and how things work.	with that work in different ways.
Completes a simple program on a computer. Uses ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate computer software.	Use ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate comouter software.	
	Expressive Art and Design	
Learning Intentions	Ongoing/Spontaneous Learning	Planned Activities
EYFS Development Matters 30-50 and 40+ months	Opportunities	
Exploring and using media and materials: Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. Sings a few familiar songs. Beginning to move rhytmically.	Access to a range of materials such as crayons, colouring pencils, felt-tips, chalks and different size/colour/texture of paper.	Continue to provide the children with a range of glue, paints, tape, pens, chalk and crayons. Using a range of puppets.
Imitates movement in response to music. Taps out simple repeated rhythms. Explores and learns how sounds can be changed.	Independently able to use all resources including joining material, scissors etc.	Using song bags.
Explores colours and how they can ve changed. Understand that they can use lines to enclose a space and then begin to use their shapes to represent objects.	Music games. Learning rhymes.	Baseline using palette paints. Instrumental activities linked to phase 1 phonics:
Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things. Uses various construction materials.	Expressing ideas, feelings and experiences through	Exploring Pitch.
Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces.	music, dance, paint or other materials and words.	Name and match musical instruments.
Joins construction pieces together to build and balance. Realises tools can be used for a purpose.	Choose particular colour for a purpose.	Singing songs related to our key texts.
Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances.	Opportunities for children to be able to play alongside each other when engaged in the same theme.	Imagining and creating our own sea creatures. Invite theatre groups / dancers / musicians for the children to experience live performances.

its/performers from a variety of
its/performers from a variety of
kgrounds to read stories/sing
instruments.
making up your own songs and
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